



Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A490; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers two types of quenched and tempered, alloy steel, heavy hex structural bolts having a tensile strength of 150 to 173 ksi.

1.2 These bolts are intended for use in structural connections. These connections are covered under the requirements of the Specification for Structural Joints Using Specification A325 or A490 bolts, approved by the Research Council on Structural Connections; endorsed by the American Institute of Steel Construction and by the Industrial Fastener Institute.²

1.3 The bolts are furnished in sizes 1/2 to 1 1/2 in., inclusive. They are designated by type denoting chemical composition as follows:

Type	Description
Type 1	Medium carbon alloy steel
Type 2	Withdrawn in 2002
Type 3	Weathering steel

1.4 This specification provides that heavy hex structural bolts shall be furnished unless other dimensional requirements are specified on the purchase order.

1.5 Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology F1789 unless otherwise defined herein.

1.6 For metric bolts, see Specification A490M Classes 10.9 and 10.9.3.

1.7 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.8 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the Test Methods portion, Section 12 of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user*

of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

- A194/A194M Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both
- A325 Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength
- A354 Specification for Quenched and Tempered Alloy Steel Bolts, Studs, and Other Externally Threaded Fasteners
- A490M Specification for High-Strength Steel Bolts, Classes 10.9 and 10.9.3, for Structural Steel Joints (Metric)
- A563 Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts
- A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products
- D3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging
- E384 Test Method for Microindentation Hardness of Materials
- E709 Guide for Magnetic Particle Testing
- E1444 Practice for Magnetic Particle Testing
- F436 Specification for Hardened Steel Washers
- F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, Direct Tension Indicators, and Rivets
- F788/F788M Specification for Surface Discontinuities of Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Inch and Metric Series
- F959 Specification for Compressible-Washer-Type Direct Tension Indicators for Use with Structural Fasteners
- F1136 Specification for Zinc/Aluminum Corrosion Protective Coatings for Fasteners
- F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets and Washers.

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² Available from American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), One E. Wacker Dr., Suite 700, Chicago, IL 60601-2001, <http://www.aisc.org>.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

F1789 Terminology for F16 Mechanical Fasteners
F2328 Test Method for Determining Decarburization and Carburization in Hardened and Tempered Threaded Steel Bolts, Screws and Studs

G101 Guide for Estimating the Atmospheric Corrosion Resistance of Low-Alloy Steels

2.2 *ASME Standards:*⁴

B1.1 Unified Screw Threads

B18.2.6 Fasteners for Use in Structural Applications

B18.24 Part Identification Number (PIN) Code System Standard for B18 Fastener Products

2.3 *IFI Standard:*⁵

IFI 144 Test Evaluation Procedures for Coating Qualification Intended for Use on High-Strength Bolts

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for heavy hex structural bolts under this specification shall include the following:

3.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of bolts and accessories);
 3.1.2 Size, including nominal bolt diameter, thread pitch, and bolt length. The thread length shall not be changed;

3.1.3 Name of product: heavy hex structural bolts, or other such bolts as specified;

3.1.4 Type of bolt (Type 1 or 3). When type is not specified, either Type 1 or Type 3 shall be furnished at the supplier's option;

3.1.5 ASTM designation and year of issue,
 3.1.6 Other components such as nuts, washers, and washer-type direct tension indicators, if required;

3.1.7 Test Reports, if required (see Section 15); and

3.1.8 Protective coating per Specification **F1136**, Grade 3, if required. See 4.3.

3.1.9 Special requirements.

3.1.10 For establishment of a part identifying system, see **ASME B18.24**.

Note 1—A typical ordering description follows: 1000 pieces 1–8 in. dia × 4 in. long heavy hex structural bolt, Type 1, **ASTM A490M – 02**; each with two hardened washers, **ASTM F436** Type 1; and one heavy hex nut, **ASTM A563** Grade DH.

3.2 Recommended Nuts:

3.2.1 Nuts conforming to the requirements of Specification **A563** are the recommended nuts for use with Specification **A490M** heavy hex structural bolts. The nuts shall be of the class and have a surface finish for each type of bolt as follows:

Bolt Type and Finish	Nut Class and Finish
1, plain (uncoated)	A563 —DH, DH3 plain (uncoated)
1, coated in accordance with Specification F1136 , Grade 3	A563 —coated in accordance with Specification F1136 , Grade 5.
3, weathering steel	A563 —DH3, weathering steel

⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.

⁵ Available from Industrial Fastener Institute, (IFI), 6363 Oak Tree Boulevard, Independence, OH 44131, <http://www.industrial-fasteners.org>.

3.2.2 Alternatively, nuts conforming to Specification **A194/A194M** Gr. 2H plain (uncoated) are considered a suitable substitute for use with Specification **A490M** Type 1 heavy hex structural bolts.

3.3 *Recommended Washers*—Washers conforming to Specification **F436** are the recommended washers for use with Specification **A490M** heavy hex structural bolts. The washers shall have a surface finish for each type of bolt as follows:

Bolt Type and Finish	Washer Finish
1, plain (uncoated)	plain (uncoated)
1, coated in accordance with F1136 , Grade 3	plain, coated in accordance with F1136 , Grade 3
3, weathering steel	weathering steel

3.4 *Other Accessories*—When compressible washer type direct tension indicators are specified to be used with these bolts, they shall conform to Specification **F959** Type 490.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 *Heat Treatment*—Type 1 and Type 3 bolts shall be heat treated by quenching in oil from the austenitic temperature and then tempered by reheating to a temperature of not less than 800°F.

4.2 *Threading*—The threads shall be cut or rolled.

4.3 *Protective Coatings:*

4.3.1 When a protective coating is required and specified, the bolts shall be coated with Zinc/Aluminum Corrosion Protective Coatings in accordance with Specification **F1136**, Grade 3. This coating has been qualified based on the findings of an investigation founded on **IFI 144**.⁶

4.3.2 No other metallic coatings are permitted unless authorized by Committee F16. Future consideration of any coating will be based on results of testing performed in accordance with the procedures in **IFI 144**, and submitted to Committee F16 for review (See note 2).

Note 2—For more detail see the H. E. Townsend Report “Effects of Zinc Coatings on Stress Corrosion Cracking and Hydrogen Embrittlement of Low Alloy Steel,” published in Metallurgical Transactions, Vol. 6, April 1975.

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 Type 1 bolts shall be alloy steel conforming to the chemical composition specified in **Table 1**. The steel shall

⁶ Supporting data have been filed at ASTM International Headquarters and may be obtained by requesting Research Report F16-1001.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements for Type 1 Bolts

Element	Heat Analysis, %	Product Analysis, %
Carbon		
For sizes through 1½ in.	0.30–0.48	0.28–0.50
For size 1½ in.	0.35–0.53	0.33–0.55
Phosphorus, max	0.040	0.045
Sulfur, max	0.040	0.045
Alloying Elements	→ See 5.1 ←	

contain sufficient alloying elements to qualify it as an alloy steel (see Note 3).

NOTE 3—Steel is considered to be alloy by the American Iron and Steel Institute when the maximum of the range given for the content of alloying elements exceeds one or more of the following limits: manganese, 1.65 %; silicon, 0.60 %; copper, 0.60 %; or in which a definite range or a definite minimum quantity of any of the following elements is specified or required within the limits of the recognized field of constructional alloy steels: aluminum, chromium up to 3.99 %, cobalt, columbium, molybdenum, nickel, titanium, tungsten, vanadium, zirconium, or any other alloying elements added to obtain a desired alloying effect.

5.2 Type 3 bolts shall be weathering steel conforming to the chemical composition requirements in Table 2. See Guide G101 for methods of estimating the atmospheric corrosion resistance of low alloy steel.

5.3 Product analyses made on finished bolts representing each lot shall conform to the product analysis requirements specified in Tables 1 and 2, as applicable.

5.4 Heats of steel to which bismuth, selenium, tellurium, or lead has been intentionally added shall not be used for bolts furnished to this specification. Compliance with this requirement shall be based on certification that steels having these elements intentionally added were not used.

5.5 Chemical analyses shall be performed in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751.

6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 **Hardness**—The bolts shall conform to the hardness specified in Table 3.

6.2 Tensile Properties:

6.2.1 Except as permitted in 6.2.2 for long bolts and 6.2.3 for short bolts, sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length of $2\frac{1}{4}D$ and longer and sizes larger than 1.00 in. having a length of $3D$ and longer shall be wedge tested full size and shall conform to the minimum and maximum wedge tensile load, and proof load or alternative proof load specified in Table 4. The load achieved during proof load testing shall be equal to or greater than the specified proof load.

6.2.2 When the length of the bolt makes full-size testing impractical, machined specimens shall be tested and shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 5. When bolts are tested by both full-size and machined specimen methods, the full-size test shall take precedence.

6.2.3 Sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length shorter than $2\frac{1}{4}D$ down to $2D$, inclusive, that cannot be wedge tensile tested shall be axially tension tested full size and shall conform

to the minimum tensile load and proof load or alternate proof load specified in Table 4. Sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length shorter than $2D$ that cannot be axially tensile tested shall be qualified on the basis of hardness.

6.2.4 For bolts on which hardness and tension tests are performed, acceptance based on tensile requirements shall take precedence in the event of low hardness readings.

7. Carburization/Decarburization

7.1 This test is intended to evaluate the presence or absence of carburization and decarburization as determined by the difference in microhardness near the surface and core.

7.2 Requirements:

7.2.1 **Carburization**—The bolts shall show no evidence of a carburized surface when evaluated in accordance with 12.2.

7.2.2 **Decarburization**—Hardness value differences shall not exceed the requirements set forth for decarburization in Test Method F2328 materials when evaluated in accordance with 12.2.

8. Dimensions

8.1 Head and Body:

8.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, bolts shall conform to the dimensions for heavy hex structural bolts specified in ASME B18.2.6.

8.1.2 The thread length shall not be changed from that specified in ASME B18.2.6 for heavy hex structural bolts. Bolts requiring thread lengths other than those required by this specification shall be ordered under Specification A354 Gr. BD.

8.2 **Threads**—Threads shall be the Unified Coarse Thread Series as specified in ASME B1.1 and shall have Class 2A tolerances.

9. Workmanship

9.1 The allowable limits, inspection, and evaluation of the surface discontinuities, quench cracks, forging cracks, head bursts, shear bursts, seams, folds, thread laps, voids, tool marks, nicks, and gouges shall be in accordance with Specification F788/F788M.

10. Magnetic Particle Inspection for Longitudinal Discontinuities and Transverse Cracks

10.1 Requirements:

10.1.1 Each sample representative of the lot shall be magnetic particle inspected for longitudinal discontinuities and transverse cracks.

10.1.2 The lot, as represented by the sample, shall be free from nonconforming bolts, as defined in Specification F788/F788M, when inspected in accordance with 10.2.1-10.2.3.

10.2 Inspection Procedure:

10.2.1 The inspection sample shall be selected at random from each lot in accordance with Practice F1470 and examined for longitudinal discontinuities and transverse cracks.

10.2.2 Magnetic particle inspection shall be conducted in accordance with Guide E709 or Practice E1444. Guide E709 shall be used for referee purposes. If any nonconforming bolt is found during the manufacturer's examination of the lot selected in 10.2.1, the lot shall be 100 % magnetic particle

TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements for Type 3 Bolts

Element	Heat Analysis, %	Product Analysis, %
Carbon		
Sizes 0.75 in. and smaller	0.20–0.53	0.19–0.55
Sizes larger than 0.75 in.	0.30–0.53	0.28–0.55
Manganese, min	0.40	0.37
Phosphorus, max	0.035	0.040
Sulfur, max	0.040	0.045
Copper	0.20–0.60	0.17–0.63
Chromium, min	0.45	0.42
Nickel, min	0.20	0.17
or		
Molybdenum, min	0.15	0.14

**TABLE 3 Hardness Requirements for Bolts
½ to 1½ in. Nominal Size**

Size, in.	Length, in.	Brinell		Rockwell C	
		min	max	min	max
½ to 1, incl.	Less than 2D ^A	311	352	33	39
	2D ^A and longer	...	352	...	39
Over 1 to 1½, incl.	Less than 3D ^A	311	352	33	39
	3D ^A and longer	...	352	...	39

^A Heavy hex structural bolts 1 in. and smaller and shorter than 2D are subject only to minimum and maximum hardness. Heavy hex structural bolts larger than 1 through 1½, incl., in diameter and shorter than 3D are subject only to minimum and maximum hardness.

TABLE 4 Tensile Load Requirements for Full-Size Bolts

Bolt Size, Threads per Inch, and Series Designation	Stress Area, ^A in. ²	Tensile Load, ^B lbf		Proof Load, ^B lbf	Alternative Proof Load, ^B lbf
		min	max	Length Measure- ment Method	Yield Strength Method
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
½-13 UNC	0.142	21 300	24 600	17 050	18 500
¾-11 UNC	0.226	33 900	39 100	27 100	29 400
¾-10 UNC	0.334	50 100	57 800	40 100	43 400
¾-9 UNC	0.462	69 300	79 950	55 450	60 100
1-8 UNC	0.606	90 900	104 850	72 700	78 800
1½-7 UNC	0.763	114 450	132 000	91 550	99 200
1½-7 UNC	0.969	145 350	167 650	116 300	126 000
1½-6 UNC	1.155	173 250	199 850	138 600	150 200
1½-6 UNC	1.405	210 750	243 100	168 600	182 600

^A The stress area is calculated as follows:

$$A_s = 0.7854 [D - (0.9743/n)]^2$$

where:

A_s = stress area, in.²

D = nominal bolt size, and

n = threads per inch.

^B Loads tabulated and loads to be used for tests of full-size bolts larger than 1½ in. in diameter are based on the following:

Bolt Size	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
½ to 1½ in., incl.	150 000 psi	173 000 psi	120 000 psi	130 000 psi

**TABLE 5 Tensile Strength Requirements for Specimens
Machined from Bolts**

Bolt Size, in.	Tensile Strength, psi		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min, psi	Elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm, min, %	Reduction of Area, min, %
	min	max			
½ to 1½ in., incl.	150 000	173 000	130 000	14	40

inspected, and all nonconforming bolts shall be removed and scrapped or destroyed.

10.2.3 Eddy current or liquid penetrant inspection shall be an acceptable substitute for the 100 % magnetic particle inspection when nonconforming bolts are found and 100 % inspection is required. On completion of the eddy current or liquid penetrant inspection, a random sample selected from each lot in accordance with Practice F1470 shall be re-

examined by the magnetic particle method. In case of controversy, the magnetic particle test shall take precedence.

10.2.4 Magnetic particle indications of themselves shall not be cause for rejection. If in the opinion of the quality assurance representative the indications may be cause for rejection, a sample taken in accordance with Practice F1470 shall be examined by microscopic examination or removal by surface grinding to determine if the indicated discontinuities are within the specified limits.

11. Number of Tests and Retests

11.1 Testing Responsibility:

11.1.1 Each lot shall be tested by the manufacturer prior to shipment in accordance with the lot identification control quality assurance plan in 11.2-11.5.

11.1.2 When bolts are furnished by a source other than the manufacturer, the Responsible Party as defined in 16.1 shall be responsible for assuring all tests have been performed and the bolts comply with the requirements of this specification.

11.2 Purpose of Lot Inspection—The purpose of a lot inspection program shall be to ensure that each lot as represented by the samples tested conforms to the requirements of this specification. For such a plan to be fully effective, it is essential that secondary processors, distributors, and purchasers maintain the identification and integrity of each lot until the product is installed.

11.3 Lot Method—All bolts shall be processed in accordance with a lot identification-control quality assurance plan. The manufacturer, secondary processors, and distributors shall identify and maintain the integrity of each lot of bolts from raw-material selection through all processing operations and treatments to final packing and shipment. Each lot shall be assigned its own lot-identification number, each lot shall be tested, and the inspection test reports for each lot shall be retained.

11.4 Lot Definition—A lot shall be a quantity of uniquely identified heavy hex structural bolts of the same nominal size and length produced consecutively at the initial operation from a single mill heat of material and processed at one time, by the same process, in the same manner, so that statistical sampling is valid. The identity of the lot and lot integrity shall be maintained throughout all subsequent operations and packaging.

11.5 Number of Tests:

11.5.1 The minimum number of tests from each lot for the tests specified below shall be as follows:

Tests	Number of Tests in Accordance with
Hardness, tensile strength, proof load	Practice F1470
Surface discontinuities	Specification F786/F789M
Magnetic particle inspection	Specification F786/F789M
Dimensions and thread fit	ASME B18.2.6

11.5.2 For carburization and decarburization tests, not less than one sample unit per manufactured lot shall be tested for microhardness.

12. Test Methods

12.1 Tensile, Proof Load, and Hardness:

12.1.1 Tensile, proof load, and hardness tests shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods F606.

12.1.2 Tensile strength shall be determined using the Wedge or Axial Tension Testing Method of Full Size Product Method or the Machined Test Specimens Method, depending on size and length as specified in 6.2.1-6.2.4. Fracture on full-size tests shall be in the body or threads of the bolt without a fracture at the junction of the head and body.

12.1.3 Proof load shall be determined using Method 1, Length Measurement, or Method 2, Yield Strength, at the option of the manufacturer.

12.2 Carburization/Decarburization—Tests shall be conducted in accordance with Test Method F2328 Hardness Method.

12.3 Microhardness—Tests shall be conducted in accordance with Test Method E384.

12.4 Magnetic Particle—Inspection shall be conducted in accordance with Section 10.

13. Inspection

13.1 If the inspection described in 13.2 is required by the purchaser, it shall be specified in the inquiry and contract or order.

13.2 The purchaser's representative shall have free entry to all parts of manufacturer's works or supplier's place of business that concern the manufacture of the material ordered. The manufacturer or supplier shall afford the purchaser's representative all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification. All tests and inspections required by the specification that are requested by the purchaser's representative shall be made before shipment, and shall be conducted as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operation of the manufacturer's works or supplier's place of business.

14. Rejection and Reworking

14.1 Disposition of nonconforming material shall be in accordance with Practice F1470 section titled "Disposition of Nonconforming Lots."

15. Certification

15.1 When specified on the purchase order, the manufacturer or supplier, whichever is the responsible party as defined in Section 16 shall furnish the purchaser a test report that includes the following:

- 15.1.1 Heat analysis, heat number, and a statement certifying that heats having bismuth, selenium, tellurium, or lead intentionally added were not used to produce the bolts;
 - 15.1.2 Results of hardness, tensile, and proof load tests;
 - 15.1.3 Results of magnetic particle inspection for longitudinal discontinuities and transverse cracks;
 - 15.1.4 Results of tests and inspections for surface discontinuities including visual inspection for head bursts;
 - 15.1.5 Results of carburization and decarburization tests;
 - 15.1.6 Statement of compliance with dimensional and thread fit requirements;
 - 15.1.7 Lot number and purchase order number;
 - 15.1.8 Complete mailing address of responsible party; and
 - 15.1.9 Title and signature of the individual assigned certification responsibility by the company officers.
- 15.2 Failure to include all the required information on the test report shall be cause for rejection.

16. Responsibility

16.1 The party responsible for the fastener shall be the organization that supplies the fastener to the purchaser.

17. Product Marking

17.1 *Manufacturer's Identification*—All Type 1 and Type 3 bolts shall be marked by the manufacturer with a unique identifier to identify the manufacturer or private label distributor, as appropriate.

17.2 Grade Identification:

17.2.1 Type 1 bolts shall be marked "A490M."

17.2.2 Type 3 bolts shall be marked "A490M" underlined.

17.3 *Marking Location and Methods*—All marking shall be located on the top of the bolt head and shall be either raised or depressed at the manufacturer's option.

17.4 *Acceptance Criteria*—Bolts that are not marked in accordance with these provisions shall be considered nonconforming and subject to rejection.

17.5 Type and manufacturer's or private label distributor's identification shall be separate and distinct. The two identifications shall preferably be in different locations and, when on the same level, shall be separated by at least two spaces.

18. Packaging and Package Marking

18.1 *Packaging:*

18.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice **D3951**.

18.1.2 When special packaging requirements are required, they shall be defined at the time of the inquiry and order.

18.2 *Package Marking:*

18.2.1 Each shipping unit shall include or be plainly marked with the following information:

- 18.2.1.1 ASTM designation and type,
- 18.2.1.2 Size,
- 18.2.1.3 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer,
- 18.2.1.4 Number of pieces,
- 18.2.1.5 Lot number,
- 18.2.1.6 Purchase order number, and
- 18.2.1.7 Country of origin.

19. Keywords

- 19.1 bolts; alloy steel; steel; structural; weathering steel

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee F16 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (**A490M–08b**) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved Nov. 1, 2009.)

- (1) Revised **2.1**, **7.2.2** and **12.2** covering Carburization and Decarburization requirements by removing SAE J121 and replacing with Test Method **F2328**.
- (2) Deleted 2.3.

Committee F16 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (**A490M–08a**) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved Dec. 1, 2008.)

- (1) In **9.1** deleted Note 4 in regard to non injurious bursts.

Committee F16 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (**A490M – 08**) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved Jan. 15th, 2008.)

- (1) Revised **4.3** to add provision for specifying a Zinc/Aluminum corrosion protective coating conforming to Specification **F1136**, grade 3.

Committee F16 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (**A490M – 06**) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved Jan. 1, 2008.)

- (1) Deleted Table 6, Sample Sizes with Acceptance and Rejection Numbers for Inspection of Rejectable Longitudinal Discontinuities and Transverse Cracks.
- (2) Deleted 10.3, Definitions.
- (3) Revised **10.1.2**, **10.2.1**, **10.2.3** and **11.5.1** to use Specification **F788/F788M** and Practice **F1470** for Magnetic Particle QA requirements.

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